



**PAR-003-020202**

Seat No. \_\_\_\_\_

**M. Sc. (Physics) (Sem. II) Examination**

**August / September - 2020**

**CT-6 : Atomic and Molecular Physics**

**Faculty Code : 003**

**Subject Code : 020202**

Time :  $2\frac{1}{2}$  Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

- Instructions :** (1) All questions carry equal marks.  
(2) Full marks are indicated at the right end of each question.  
(3) Symbols have their usual meanings.

**1 Answer Any Seven of the following : 14**

- (a) Write down Schrodinger's r equation and its solution.
- (b) What is the physical meaning of different m values?
- (c) State Pauli's exclusion principle. Why the name "exclusion principle" is given?
- (d) What is anomalous Zeeman Effect?
- (e) What are the rigid and the non-rigid rotators?
- (f) Differentiate the Symmetric Tops and the Asymmetric Tops.
- (g) What quantum numbers J and K represent?
- (h) What are the Near Prolate and the Near Oblate Asymmetric rotors?
- (i) What is the commonly used unit of frequency in Vibrational Spectroscopy?
- (j) What is "Klystron" ? Where is it used?

- 2 Answer Any **Two** of the following :
- (a) Discuss the interpretation of the result of Schrodinger equation regarding dependence of wave function on the angles  $\theta$  and  $\phi$ . 7
- (b) Discuss Paschen Back Effect in detail. 7
- (c) Convert the equation  $\frac{\partial^2\Psi}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2\Psi}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2\Psi}{\partial z^2} + \frac{8\pi m}{h^2}(E - V) = 0$  7  
in spherical coordinates and derive the equation for  $r$ ,  
 $\theta$  and  $\phi$ .
- 3 (A) What do you mean by coupling scheme? Discuss j-j coupling in detail. 7
- (B) What is Stark effect? Discuss its experimental arrangement with figure and its main feature. 7
- OR**
- 3 (A) Discuss the interaction of radiation with rotating molecule in detail. 7
- (B) Discuss Non-rigid Rotator in detail. Also compare the energy levels and spectrum of rigid and non-rigid rotators. 7
- 4 Answer the following questions :
- (A) Discuss the first order Stark Effect of a Symmetric Top Molecule for the  $J = 1, K = 1 \rightarrow J = 2, K = 1$  transition. 7
- (B) Explain the working of a Microwave Spectrometer with the help of a block diagram. 7
- 5 Write a Short-note on Any **Two** of the following :
- (A) Diatomic Vibrating Rotator 7
- (B) IR Spectrophotometer 7
- (C) Normal Vibrations of  $CO_2$  and  $H_2O$  molecules 7
- (D) Different series in alkali spectra 7